

Contents **:::**

Unit I — School days		
Reading Writing	р. р.	2
	ρ.	(
Unit 2 — Weekend fun Reading Writing	р. р.	12 16
Unit 3 — Travelling around		
Reading Writing	р. р.	20 24
Unit 4 — My dream holiday		
Reading Writing	р. р.	28 32
Unit 5 — Fashion fun		
Reading Writing	р. р.	36 40
Unit 6 — Cinema stars Reading Writing	р. р.	44 48
Unit 7 — A new home		
Reading Writing	р. р.	52 56
Unit 8 — Staying healthy		
Reading Writing	р. р.	60 64
Unit 9 — Cooking fun	•	
Reading Writing	р. р.	68 72
Unit 10 — When I grow up		
Reading Writing	р. р.	76 80

Symbols:





Reading



- understand descriptions of schools
- understand school daily routines



- GETTING STARTED What do you like about school? Which are your favourite subjects? Why do you like them?
- WORDS TO HELP Which of these are like your school? Which are different?



I'm just starting the first **term** in **Year** 7. I need to look at my **timetable** every morning to check what classes I have.



This week in **chemistry**, we are doing **experiments** to see how different things burn.



In **physics**, we are studying the different colours of light.



I'm learning to play **chess**. I **won** my first game yesterday. And it was against a really good player!



We went on a school trip to explore **nature**. We needed to use a **map** to find our way in the **forest**.



From our **playground** we have a great **view** of the **ocean**. The **environment** around the school is really beautiful.



Our school is in a very **modern** building. It has an indoor swimming pool **so** we can swim when it's cold outside.



We are performing a **play** in our **drama** class this week. I'm **acting** for the first time!



In **biology**, we are learning about how different plants grow in the lab.



We had a choice of topics in the exam.

I wrote an essay about school uniforms. I don't like mine as it's not very comfortable.



Match words in ${\bf bold}$ in the texts in Ex. 2 to their meanings. Make any changes you need to.

1	is the study of living things, such as plants and animals, and				
	how the body works.				
2	is the study of how different things behave, for example, when				
	you put salt in water, or heat something.				
3	is the study of things, such as light, heat and space.				
4	In classes, we learn about the theatre and how to act.				
5	Actors in films, the theatre and in TV drama shows.				
	We go to the theatre to watch a/an				
7	A/An is a short piece of writing for school on a subject or topic.				
8	A/An is a subject that you discuss, write about or learn about.				
9	In school, your is all the students that started school at the				
	same time as you and are about your age.				
10	In science subjects, we do to find out new things.				
11	A school tells us which lessons we have, on which day and at what time.				
12	In some schools, children wear a/an They all wear the same				
	type of clothes and the same colours.				
13	A school year often has three, which last for several weeks.				
	There is usually a holiday between each one.				
	ou need to. If something is, it feels good to wear or use.				
2	When we say something is, we mean they used new ideas and				
	different ways (not old ones) to make it.				
3	If it's not raining, we go into the at break time to get some fresh air and exercise.				
4	One of the oldest games in the world is One player has white				
	pieces, the other player has black pieces.				
5	We use a/an to find places and see where towns and countries are in the world.				
6	A/An is what you can see from somewhere, for example, a hotel room can have a view of the sea if it's by the beach.				
7	The is all the places, buildings, land, water and air where				
	people, animals and plants live.				
8					
	the air, the sea, rivers, mountains and space.				
9	are similar to seas but much bigger.				
10	A/An is a large group of trees. It's bigger than a wood.				
11	If we win something, we do better than the other players or team. The past tense is				
12	We use ' ' to say why. It's similar to <i>because</i> .				
	We use '' to give the reason for something or explain its				



purpose.

School days

1

Reading



Read Holly's description of her school and what she likes about it. It's a message to a website about different schools around the world. Would you like to go to Holly's school? Why? Why not?



5	Find these words in Holly's description of her school. Can you	u guess w	hat they	mea
-?	• floor • search online • opinion • against	• ex	tra activit	ies
	Compare your answers with a classmate.			
7	In the message in Ex. 5, which paragraph (A, B, C, D, E or I	F) is abou	ıt	
	 1 Holly's favourite subjects? 2 Holly asking for others to write to the website? 3 Holly's extra activities? 4 a description of Holly's school? 5 Holly's daily routine? 			
	6 the reason why Holly is writing?			
	Check your answers with a classmate.			
	·			
	a) Read the message in Ex. 5 again and decide if these se false. Mark where you found the answers.	true	false	or
	1 The classrooms in Holly's school are quite old.	tiue	luise	
	1 The classrooms in Holly's school are quite old.2 Holly goes to the playground between lessons.			+
	3 Holly likes wearing a uniform to school.			
	4 Holly's school day is 8 hours.			
	5 Holly doesn't want to be in the school play.			
	6 Holly's chess club played well in their match last week.			
	b) Can you make the false sentences true? Check your answers with a classmate.			
)	Answer the questions.			
	 1 Where are Holly's classrooms? 2 What does Holly wear at school? 3 What is fun for Holly? 4 When does Holly do acting? 			
	5 Who is helping Holly learn chess?			
	6 What does Holly find exciting?			

Check your answers with a classmate.

1

Writing

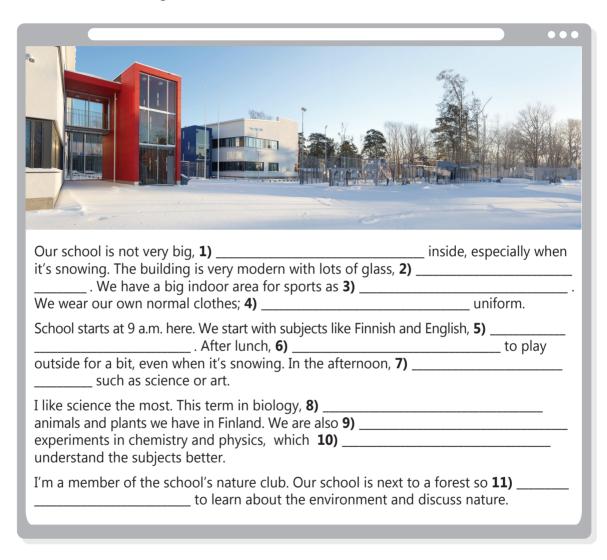


- use which & who to give more information about things
- use prepositions in different ways
- write a website message about my school and what we do there



Read this message about a school in Finland and fill the gaps with the phrases.

- and then we do maths before lunch are really helping us to
- but it's nice and warm doing some interesting it gets very cold outside here
- nobody wears a we are learning about the different we have classes
- we often go there we often have time which lets in the winter sun



Check your answers with a classmate.

Would you like to go to this school? Why? Why not?

Find these words in the message in Ex.1. Can you guess what they mean?



• especially

• indoor area

• even

• such as

member

Compare your answers with a classmate.

1

Gircle which & who in the texts on p. 6 and p. 8. What do which & who refer to in each case? Where do you see a comma (,)?

Check your answers with a classmate.



Read about this school in Sri Lanka and fill the gaps with the *pronouns* and *prepositions* below. You can use some words more than once.

preparations actions for call use some trous more than once.								
• which	• who	• about	• around	• at	• in	• of	• on	• to



Our school is not very larg	ge, but it has love	ly gardens all	V
1) it. The cla	assrooms, 2)	are open) `
3) the air, a	re cool even 4) _	the ho	ottest
days. Our classroom has a	a view 5)	the ocean.	
Everyone wears a uniform	n. 6)	_ is light and comfo	ortable
because the weather is ve	ery warm.	-	
We start our school day 7)8	3 a.m. 8)	
the mornings, we do subj	ects such as Eng	lish, maths or scienc	ce. At
12:00, we all go 9)	the cafete	eria and have lunch	. After
lunch, we have history, ge	eography, art or m	nusic.	
			. Looko
I'm really interested 10)_	geo	graphy as it neips u	is learn
11) the diffe	erent places 12) _	the	world.
This term, we are learning] 13)	maps and how to	o use
them to find information	14)	countries.	
I am a member 15)			
school. We have some gr	eat teachers, 17)	help	us
learn 18) lo	ocal plants, anima	als and sea life. We	are
working 19)	projects to help	keep our beaches	clean.

Writing Tip

We can add extra information by using *which* (for things) or *who* (for people). First, we put a comma (,) after what we are giving extra information about, and then *which* or *who* and the extra information. Sometimes we need to use another comma (,) when the extra information comes in the middle of the sentence.

Everyone wears a uniform. <u>It is light and comfortable</u> (extra information about the uniform).

Everyone wears a uniform, which is light and comfortable.

Our uniform is light and comfortable. <u>Everyone wears it</u> (extra information about the uniform).

Our uniform, which everyone wears, is light and comfortable.

We have some great teachers. <u>They help us learn about local plants</u> (extra information about the teachers).

We have some great teachers, who help us learn about local plants.

The teachers are great. <u>They help us learn about local plants</u> (extra information about the teachers).

The teachers, who help us learn about local plants, are great.

1

Writing







Join these sentences using which or who and a comma (,).

- 1 My classroom has large windows. They make it very bright inside. My classroom has large windows, **which** make it very bright inside.
- **2** Our school has an outdoor swimming pool. We use it in the summer.
- **3** We have a great maths teacher. She is really friendly.
- **4** Our classroom is the best one in the school. It has a view of the sea.
- **5** At school, I have some good friends. They are helping me learn to swim.
- **6** We have a new school library. It is full of interesting books.
- **7** Our new teacher is from France. She started this term.
- **8** Our cafeteria has some great food. Everyone uses it.

Check your answers with a classmate.

6 Find and <u>underline</u> examples of the *present simple* (for example, <u>starts</u>) & <u>present continuous</u> (for example, <u>are learning</u>) in the texts on p. 6 and p. 8. When do we use these different forms of the present tense?



Use the notes below to complete the description of another school and what they do there. Add your own words. Use these words to help you:

• a • about • and • are • at • because • do • from • has • have • in • is • of • on • such as • the • them

School Description: small / old building ● large / modern ● first floor / view / city • wear / uniform / blue and grey

Daily Routine: 8:00 / finish / 14:00 ● morning / science / biology / chemistry ● subjects / art / languages / geography

Favourite Subject: maths / like solving problems / working with numbers • learn / different lines / shapes

Extra Activities: member / book club / school • books / different countries • discuss / books / countries / Africa



Our school is 1)	The classr	ooms 2)	·
Our classroom, which 3)		, 4)	
Everyone 5)			
In the mornir	ng, 8)		·
In the afternoon, 9)			·
My favourite subject 10)			
This term, we 11)			lam
12)	We read 1	3)	
This month 14)			

Read the writing task instructions. What are you going to write? Who is it for? What do you need to write about?



Writing task

Write a message for a website about different schools around the world. Describe your school, including the things you like and what you do there.

9 This is your plan for the message. Put the paragraphs in order.



My name is (your first name), and I go to (your school) in (where your school is). I'm writing to tell you about my school and what we do there.

- (A) Your favourite subjects
- **B**) What your school is like
- C Your daily routine at school
- **D** Extra activities you do

I would love to hear about your school too!

- 10 Make notes for each paragraph in your exercise book. Look back at the texts and exercises in this unit to help you.
- 11 Write your message using the plan in Ex. 9.
- 1) Swap messages with a classmate. Check each other's message.

Checklist

Does the message include all the points the writing task instructions ask for? Does the message follow the plan in Ex. 9? Are there any grammar or spelling mistakes?

Reflection

	के के के के के के
I can understand descriptions of schools.	
I can use which & who to give more information about things/people.	
I can use prepositions in different ways.	
I can write a website message about my school and what we do there.	





The **READING & WRITING SKILLS 1-3** series is designed to raise students from A1 to B1 level in their reading and writing in English, combining the very best in modern classroom practice with tried-and-tested language teaching techniques.

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Components

- Student's book
- Teacher's book



CEFR

A1 A2 B1



